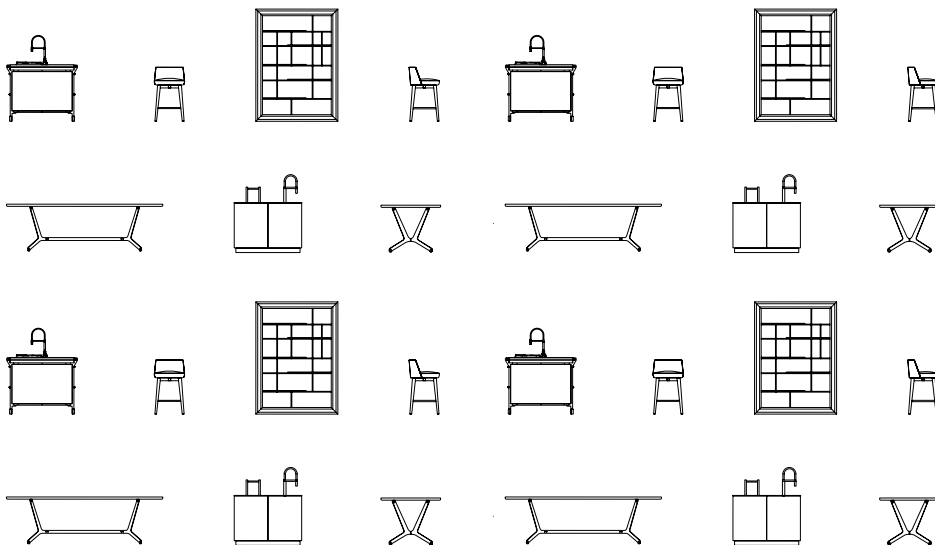


PRODUCT DETAILS



Dear Customer,

thank you for choosing a SCIC.

This product is the result of our company's ancient craftsmanship experience.

This design was created following an artisanal procedure: small imperfections, color differences even between doors of the same composition, or discrepancies from what is shown in the catalog are to be considered peculiar characteristics of the product itself that make it "unique and exclusive".

Follow us:



Door type



PROTECTIVE FILM. Remove the protective film applied to the doors immediately when you receive the kitchen or within the following two weeks at the latest. Avoid removing this protection after months because this could cause damage to the door finish.



NATURAL LIGHT. In the long period of time, innate variations in shades and colors of materials may occur, due to the raw materials when exposed to natural light.

MODEL	OUTSIDE SHUTTER													INSIDE SHUTTER				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	A	B	C	D	E
BELLAGIO	●				●										●		●	
CANOSSA	●			●	●			●				●				●		●
CONCHIGLIA					●											●		
DIAMOND	●				●											●		
LABIRINTO							●										●	
LIVIGNO	●										●					●		
MEDITERRANEUM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●				●	●	●	●	
MONFORTE	●			●		●	●	●	●	●				●	●	●	●	
MONOLITE	●			●		●	●	●	●					●	●	●		
PALATINA											●				●			
POMPEI													●					●
SIRMIONE	●															●		
SWING				●													●	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	<p>A Panel of cellulosic wood particles with low formaldehyde content (Class E1).</p> <p>B Medium Density Panel (MDF) with low formaldehyde content (Class E1)</p> <p>C Wood panel with high light-resistant coating.</p> <p>D Aluminium frame.</p> <p>E Full slab.</p>				
	lacquered	technosurface	single side lacquer	wood	crystal	mother of pearl - metallic lacquered	stainless steel	fenix - unicolor	marble - stone	decor	PET - polymeric	gres - ceramic	lava stone					

This product data sheet complies with the provisions of the Legislative Decree n. 206 of 6 September 2005 "Codice del Consumo" ("Consumer Code"). **Ecology:** At the end of its life cycle, do not dispose of furniture in the environment. Call your local waste management company instead, and schedule a bulk waste pickup to ensure its transport to the closest scrapyard or its possible recovery.

Components

This product data sheet provides an overview of the main information regarding our products. The tag accompanying each individual package specifies the model, article, finish and other characteristics.

INTERNAL EQUIPMENT

The internal equipment supplied by SCIC consists of: shelves, trolleys carts and pull-out baskets made of chrome steel wire, printed drainers in stainless steel, flap and sail opening mechanisms.

DRAWERS AND BASKETS

All our drawers and baskets are made with melamine bottom (class E1) with metal side panels or totally in veneered wood. They are also equipped with an anti-release system, with total extraction with automatic closing invitation and limit stop. Sliding is smooth and stable.

FRAMES

Lists of wood or “medium density” fibers with low formaldehyde content (class E1) wrapped in laminate, wood or lacquered; or shaped frames in solid wood.

FRIDGE COLUMN BOTTOM

The bottom of the refrigerator columns is in thermoplastic material with high thermal, dimensional and mechanical resistance. Designed to be aesthetically integrated into the column, it guarantees ventilation, protects against impacts and water leaks.

SINK BOTTOM

The bottom of the sinks is a flat protection in smooth painted aluminum that protects against water leaks, corrosion from the chemicals used and condensation from the siphon.

ALUMINIUM GROOVE OPENINGS

Grooves and profiles are available in bronze, gun metal, white, black and lacquered color.

HANDLES

The handles supplied by SCIC are made of metal, aluminum, stainless steel and painted in color.

SHELVES

The interior of our shelves consists of a wood fiber panel with a low formaldehyde content (class E1).

FEET

The feet are made of high shock resistant plastic (ABS) or steel. Height adjustable.

SHELF SUPPORTS

The shelf brackets, in support of the shelves within our furniture, are equipped with an internal spring, a locking device that prevents them from slipping and ensures the utmost degree of safety.

BACK

WOODEN or LACQUERED back in veneered wood th. 8 mm with finishing matching the structure.

MIRROR BACK - th. 3+3 mm methacrylate with silver or bronze finishing.

BRIGHT back th. 15 mm with aluminium frame.

CHAIRS AND STOOLS

Chairs and stools are composed of a wooden or metal frame with seat in wood, straw, polypropylene, polycarbonate, methacrylate, polyurethane, eco-leather or leather.

STRUCTURE (BOX AND SHELVES)

The structure of our boxes consist of panels of wooden particles in different thickness, with a scratch-proof film on two sides and edges on all four sides. The back is made of wooden fibres chipboard with a melamine layer, class E1 certified, and P2 with low formaldehyde content DM10/10/08. The structure of the boxes can also be made of veneered wood.

Components

TABLES

Our tables, complete with structure and top, are made in different types of materials, such as wood, metal, aluminium, glass, laminate, lacquered, melamine or fenix according to the characteristics of the chosen model.

SOCLES

The socles are extruded profiles available, bronze, gun metal, black, white and laquered color. To facilitate the base boards' assembly and disassembly procedures, the feet of the kitchen units are equipped with hooks that snap perfectly into the blockboard plastic profile on the back of the socle.

Materials

STAINLESS STEEL

Our stainless steel top consist of a support panel of wood particles with low formaldehyde content (class E1), covered with a steel sheet of 1mm thick with scotch brite or vintage finishing. Steel is inert and waterproof, it has a high heat-resistance and does not change according to light or eating. However, it is advisable to avoid sharp objects or abrasive products that could damage the surface.

UNICOLOR

Our Unicolor laminate top consists of a panel of wood particles covered with a thick layer of high pressure plastic laminate (HPL) in different colors. According to European EN 438 regulation, the plastic laminate is a resistant material which guarantees high standard of quality about scratch, stains, shock and abrasion resistance. Its embossed surface gives it a realistic stone effect.

POLYMERIC - PET

It is a synthetic material totally recyclable which does not emit any toxic substance. It is therefore hygienic and practical thanks to its high resistance to scratch, stains, light and heat.

FENIX NTM®

Our Fenix NTM® tops consist of a support panel made of wood particles with low formaldehyde content (class E1 and P3), coated with a layer of Fenix NTM® . The outer part of Fenix® panels is obtained with the aid of nanotechnology and is characterised by a surface treated with new generation acrylic resins.

GRANITE

Granite is a very common igneous rock. Quartz is the main component of granite and gives it a high hardness, a peculiarity that makes it particularly suitable for uses where high resistance to wear and impact is required.

GRÈS

Our Grès porcelain surfaces consist of either full-thickness agglomerates of ceramic paste or ceramic printed in sheets and then glued onto a "sandwich" PVC/ polystyrene panel. Thanks to the production process,

Materials

making use of high quality raw materials and a baking temperature of about 1200° C, our Grès surfaces are resistant to heat, stain and scratches, while being also endowed with hydrophobic properties.

GRÈS MDI

MDI surfaces (Minerals, Design, Innovation) are made of pure minerals which accelerate the natural lithogenetic cycle and create a sustainable product with an invisible induction system in order to cook any kind of food. H20 Full Digital Technology allows, with its unique texture, the aesthetic continuity between heart and surface.

STRATIFIED LAMINATE

Stratified laminate is a kind of high-pressure laminate (HPL) available in various finishings with black heart or in a color matching the surface. It is internally made of layers of cellululosic fibers soaked with phenolic and thermosetting resins.

LAVA

The creation of the lava door is indeed a very long and complex process. The igneous basalt slabs are meticulously cut to size, then engraved. Subsequently, the lava stone is sprinkled with a layer of enamel and left to dry for at least 12 hours, before being handed to the master craftsmen who will further decorate and glaze the surface.

MARBLE

Marble tops are carved from stone slabs, then processed and polished. They can be pure (if they have metamorphic origin) or reconstituted (sedimentary origin). The exact colour of marble actually depends on the presence of mineral impurities (clay, silt, sand, iron oxides, flint nodules). Marble tops have a medium hardness (3-4 of Mohs scale) and a certain variability of components and shades.

MARBLE RESIN

Marble Resin is an agglomerate obtained from the mixing of top quality marble granules, made waterproof and covered with a special pigmented resin rich in quartz particles. It is a 100% natural material with a special resistance to abrasion, flexion and shock.

STONES

The term "stones" refers to those stony materials that cannot normally be polished. This group includes rather hard rocks such as porphyry, gneiss and quartzite, but also softer rocks such as sandstone, tuff, p eperino. Thanks to their good mechanical properties, these materials have been historically used as building and decorative elements.

QUARTZ

Our quartz surfaces consist of agglomerates of quartz and resins, either in full thickness or in printed sheets, which are then glued onto a "sandwich" PVC/polystyrene panel. Quartz panels mainly consist of natural quartz (more than 90%), whereas the remaining portion consists of acrylic resins and coloured pigments. This composition ensures excellent resistance to abrasion, attack by chemical agents, absorption of liquids and heat. Due to its non-porousness, the surface is waterproof and highly hygienic. A quartz worktop is very resistant to scratches and all abrasions caused by kitchen tools.

GLASS

Extra-clear, tempered and painted glass tops. Glass tops are available in either glossy or satin finishing. The main feature of our glass tops is to combine a strong aesthetic impact with the hygienic standards conferred by water resistance and the absolute non-porousness of such surfaces, which are also endowed with a good torsion and impact resistance and, last but not least, a high resistance to deterioration and aesthetic decay over time.

Cleaning and maintenance

Following are the tips to be followed and the behaviours to be avoided for a good maintenance and care of your kitchen. Neglecting these recommendations may cause serious damage and possible issues:

- While cleaning any of your kitchen components, please do strictly avoid abrasive creams, acetone, pure alcohol, chlorine, trichlorethylene, solvents, ammonia, stain removers, metal or synthetic scouring pads, steam cleaners, any aggressive or abrasive substance and caustic soda for drain cleaning.
- Do always turn the hood on when using the cooktop, water vapour rising up could ruin the overhanging roof structure.
- Do not leave water in direct contact with joints and fittings, even for a short period of time.
- Do not allow more than 24 hours before cleaning the elements.
- Do not place onto the countertop pots, pans, coffee pots or any other hot cookware just removed from the fire.
- Do not use the countertop as a cutting surface.
- Do not use the countertop as a support surface for ironing.
- Open the dishwasher door only upon completion of the washing cycle. The steam could ruin the overlying top profile.

KEEP ALL THE CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE PRODUCTS OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Routine cleaning: Any normal detergent can be used to clean steel, as long as they do not contain chlorine. Should your steel surfaces become opaque over time, we recommend cleaning them with calcium carbonate powder (available in any supermarket).

Note: In case of persistent marks, try removing them with hot vinegar or specific products for stainless steel.

What NOT to do: Do not clean with steel wool or any other material that could scratch the surface. Avoid muriatic acid and bleach. Do not leave ferrous tools on top of your kitchen sink for a long time.

STEEL

Routine cleaning: FENIX NTM surfaces should be cleaned regularly, but they do not require any special handling: a wet cloth, dampened with either hot water or standard soap, will be enough. All of the normal kitchen detergents and sanitizers are tolerated.

Note: We recommend using a melamine foam sponge, also known as “Magic Eraser”. In order to achieve the best possible results, use this material for both standard cleaning and maintenance.

What NOT to do: Do not use products with a high acid or alkaline content, as they could stain the surface. Do not use furniture polishing compounds and wax-based detergents in general, as they tend to form a sticky layer that could collect dirt over time.

FENIX

Routine cleaning: For daily cleaning, use a microfiber cloth dampened with water or neutral detergents, then rinse and wipe with a dry cloth. It is essential to follow the information included within the technical sheets and labels of each cleaning compound you wish to use.

Note: Cleaning operations will be simple and efficient. Gres surfaces are resistant to all scratches and

GRES

bruises caused by most common tools.

What NOT to do: Do not use alcohol, as it may leave stains or rings due to its colourants. In any case, always clean the surface as long as the mark is fresh, especially in case of particularly aggressive stain. (e.g. rubber stamp ink) . Do not use solvents.

GRES

Routine cleaning: Wipe the shutter doors with a soft, slightly wet and well-wrung cloth, then wipe with a dry cloth.

Note: On all wooden surfaces treated with oil, do always carry out or cleaning procedures with non-aggressive and non-abrasive products. Do not use alcohol, solvents or diluents as they could impair the protective layer.

What NOT to do: Do not use abrasive products as they could scratch the surface. Do not use wax-based or silicone-based products. Make sure not use excessively wet clothes.

WOOD VENEER

Routine cleaning: Wipe the shutter doors with a soft, slightly wet and well-wrung cloth, then wipe with a dry cloth.

Note: Due to their finish, lacquered shutters require a special care to avoid any damage to occur onto the surface. In case of embossed and satin finishes, bear in mind that the cloth could remain slightly coloured after the first cleaning. This would normally happen no more than a couple of times, and the phenomenon will no longer occur after the superficial varnish powder produced by desiccation will be definitively removed.

What NOT to do: Do not use products that contain solvents, acetone-based or abrasive compounds. Do not use products that contain wax, alcohol or silicone. Do not use abrasive clothes or steel wool. On opaque finishes, do not rub a single spot persistently, as it may turn polished over time.

MATT AND/OR GLOSSY LACQUER

Routine cleaning: Do always clean the surface as long as the mark is fresh. Microfiber clothes are ideal for these materials, as they absorb dirt without redistributing it onto the surface. For ordinary cleaning, it is possible to use water and a neutral detergent.

Note: We recommend repeating an anti-stain treatment periodically, using specific products for marble. Upon first cleaning with these products, it is advisable to carry out a preliminary attempt on a hidden zone before applying the chemical treatment onto the whole surface.

What NOT to do: Do not use steel wool or scouring pads. Absolutely avoid alcohol and ammonia. Over time, the surfaces can deteriorate and/or get stained, hence avoid leaving cleaning products or kitchen liquids onto the surface (soap, oil, wine, vinegar etc). More specifically, contact with even slightly acidic products (such as fruit or perfumes) could cause an acid aggression over the surface, altering its original aspect.

LAVA STONE

Routine cleaning: When cleaning metal elements, make sure to use water and neutral detergents.

Note: In case of persistent stains, try specific products suitable for the type of metal surface you wish to treat.

What NOT to do: Do not use powders or abrasive products, as they would scratch the metal surface. Do not use steel wool or metal scourers. Avoid hydrochloric acid or bleach.

METAL

Routine cleaning: Do always clean the surface as long as the mark is fresh. Microfiber clothes are ideal for these materials, as they absorb dirt without redistributing it onto the surface. For ordinary cleaning, it is possible to use water and a neutral detergent.

Note: We recommend repeating an anti-stain treatment periodically, using specific products for marble. Upon first cleaning with these products, it is advisable to carry out a preliminary attempt on a hidden zone before applying the chemical treatment onto the whole surface.

What NOT to do: Do not use steel wool or scouring pads. Absolutely avoid alcohol and ammonia. Over time, the surfaces can deteriorate and/or get stained, hence avoid leaving cleaning products or kitchen liquids onto the surface (soap, oil, wine, vinegar etc). More specifically, contact with even slightly acidic products (such as fruit or perfumes) could cause an acid aggression over the surface, altering its original aspect.

MARBLE & STONE MARBLE RESIN

**POLYMERIC,
LAMINATED,
UNICOLOUR**

Routine cleaning: Use a slightly wet soft cloth, dampened with neutral detergents or glass cleansers.
Note: Limescale marks could appear close to the sink. To remove them, it is sufficient to wipe the surface with a sponge dampened with vinegar or an anti-scaling agent, then rinse and dry.
What NOT to do: Do not use aggressive products, abrasive powders, aggressive anti-scale products or pure bleach. Do not use wax-based or silicone-based products.

**ALUMINIUM
EXTRUSIONS**

Routine cleaning: To clean your aluminium elements, use water and either alcohol - based or neutral detergents.
What NOT to do: Do not use abrasive powders or products, as they could scratch the aluminium surface. Do not use steel wool.
ATTENTION: Do not clean aluminium extrusions with bleach or bleach-based products (sodium hypochlorite) as they could intrude the superficial anodic finish of the element, leading to persistent marks.

QUARTZ

Routine cleaning: For daily cleaning, use a microfiber cloth dampened with water or any detergent for washable surfaces. To remove persistent dirt, (grease, sauces or wine encrustations) we recommend softening the stain with water first, then buff it with a microfiber cloth and detergent.
Note: Normal detergents for washable surfaces combined with a clean microfiber cloth are efficient with grease and oily marks as well, as long as you make sure to clean your quartz top soon after usage.
What NOT to do: Do not use diluents or solvents such as acetone, nitro diluents etc. Do not use de-greasers. Do not leave your kitchen top dirty for several hours. Do not use alcohol as it may leave marks due to its colourant. In any case, always clean the top as long as the stain is fresh.

GLASS

Routine cleaning: We recommend using neutral detergents, vinegar, alcohol or specific glass cleaning products. Wipe the shutter doors with a soft, slightly dampened and well-wrung cloth, then wipe with a dry cloth.
Note: For a proper maintenance of your glass surfaces, bear in mind the simple rule that glass can be etched by any material harder than itself (diamond, hard stones, ceramic, tiles, dishes, crystal).
What NOT to do: Do not use aggressive products, abrasive compounds or steel-cleaning compounds.

Customer reminder

Warranty 24 months

All SCIC products, in accordance with the provisions of the relevant legislation, are guaranteed against production defects (in materials or workmanship) that occur within 24 months from the date of purchase.

Products repaired or replaced during the warranty period will be warranted for the remainder of the original warranty period. This date must be proven by the purchase invoice (issued by SCIC spa) to which, therefore, express reference must be made (indicating the date and number) in the event of a request for intervention. This warranty is limited to the supply of elements to replace those that may have been found to be defective, with the express exclusion of costs relating to labor interventions. It does not cover any damage resulting from wear and tear; improper use; modifications or alterations; transport; improper maintenance, storage and repairs.

Disputes relating to any non-conformity of the Products must be raised in writing (by means of demonstrating receipt by SCIC spa), no later than 8 days from the date of its discovery. SCIC spa reserves the right to examine any complaint, verifying its timeliness and reserving the right to identify - if necessary - the methods of intervention. SCIC spa is - and remains - free to make aesthetic and/or functional changes to the Products as well as, in the same way, it is free to cease its production.

This warranty does not include electrical appliances and, in any case, equipment and systems that are not produced by SCIC. In this case, the guarantee of the relative manufacturer will operate. SCIC declines all responsibility for any damage to property and/or persons resulting from the failure by third parties to observe the indications and instructions all contained in the appropriate installation booklet.